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The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday October 26. to Monday October 30. 1676.

Whitehall, Octob. 26.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to command the following Order of Councel to be Published.

At the Court at *Whitehall* the third of *October*, 1676.

Present

The Kings Most Excellent Majesty

His Highness Prince Rupert.	*Earl of* Craven
Lord Chancellor	*Earl of* Carbury
Lord Treasurer	*Viscount* Faucomberg
Duke of Monmouth	*Viscount* Newport
Duke of Lauderdale	*Lord Bishop of* London
Earl of Ossery	*Mr. Secretary* Coventry
Earl of Sunderland	*Mr. Secretary* Williamson
Earl of Peterborow	*Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer*
Earl of Bath	*Master of the Ordnance.*

WHereas His Majesty and this Board are informed of the bold and open repair made to several Places, and especially to Her Majesties Chappel at Somerset-House, and the Houses of Foreign Ambassadors, Agents, and other Publick Ministers, for the hearing of Mass, and other Worship and Service of the Romish Church; and that the said Ambassadors, Agents, and Ministers, do permit and suffer both daily Masses to be said, and other Worship and Service to be performed in their Houses, in a publick manner, by English, Scottish, and Irish Priests, and also Sermons in English to be Preached in their said Houses and Chappels, which the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom do expresly forbid His Subjects to frequent or do; His Majesty taking the same into serious Consideration, and being sensible thereof, as a matter highly tending to the violation of the Laws of the Realm, and the scandal of Religion and Government, and breach of good Order, and in His Princely Wisdom weighing the dangerous Consequence thereof, is Resolved to take strict Order for the stopping this Evil before it spread any further.

His Majesty therefore by the Advice of His Council, doth hereby forbid any of His said Subjects hereafter to offend in the like kind, at their utmost Perils; And straitly Commands, That no others presume to Resort to Her Majesties Chappel, but such as are Her Majesties Domestick Servants. And to the end this Provision and Order may be the more effectual, His Majesty doth Command, That forasmuch as concerneth the repair to the Houses of Foreign Ambassadors, Agents and Ministers, at the time of Mass, or other Romish Worship or Service, some Messengers of the Chamber or other Officers or Persons fit for that Service, be appointed to Watch at the several Passages to their Houses, and without entring into the said Houses, or invading the Freedom and Privileges belonging unto them, observe such Persons as go thither at such times, without Stopping or Questioning any as they go thither, but at their coming from thence, they are to apprehend and bring the said persons to the Board, and such as they cannot Apprehend, to bring their Names. And that the Ambassadors and other Foreign Ministers may have no cause to Complain for this Proceeding, as if there were any Intention to wrong or disrespect them, His Majesty doth likewise Order, for the preventing of any such mistaking and sinister interpretation, That His Principal Secretaries of State (according unto His Majesties express Commands now given unto them) should be hereby authorized and required forthwith to repair to the said Ambassadors, Agents, and other Foreign Ministers, to make known unto them His Majesties Pleasure concerning the same; And that as His Majesty is careful not to have any the just Priviledges and Immunities of the said Ambassadors, Agents, or Ministers, to be in any degree infringed or violated, so in the aforesaid Particulars of permitting Masses or other Service to be said by any of the said Priests, or Sermons to be Preached in English in their Houses or Chappels (things never heard of or attempted by any precedent Ambassadors or Agents here) or in suffering His Subjects to resort unto them, His Majesty is no less careful of preserving His Laws, and conteining His Subjects in their due obedience to the same; and doth therefore expect the said Ambassadors, Agents, and Ministers compliance accordingly. And hereof His Majesty thinks fit that Notice should be first given to the said Publick Ministers (the rather to testifie His Respects unto them) before the Stricter Course His Majesty hath Resolved, be taken with His own Subjects, by a Vigorous Prosecution, and infliction of Penalties and Punishments for the preventing and repressing the like hereafter.

And it is likewise Ordered, That the Messengers of the Chamber, or others to be employed in the Service before specified, shall be appointed, and receive their Charge from the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Bishop of London, and the said Secretaries, or some of them, who are to take special care to see this put in due and effectual Execution.

Edward Walker.

Warsaw, Octob. 19. This morning is arrived here a Gentleman, who came Post from *Lublin*, he reports, That they had news there, that our King had been engaged with the Turks and Tartars; That the Fight had been very sharp and obstinate, and that 6000 Poles, and almost twice that number of the Infidels had lost their lives in it, though to our disadvantage, for that the loss on our side is far more considerable to us than that of the Enemy to them; and what is yet worse, the King continues in a manner blocked up in his Camp, without being able to receive those supplies of Provisions that are necessary, especially for the subsistence of his Cavalry; That the Archbishop of *Gnesna* has hereupon caused the needful Letters to be issued for the convoking the Arrearban; in which Letters he exhorts them to repair to the places appointed for their Rendezvous with all possible diligence, for the delivering the King and Kingdom from the dangers and ruines which are hanging over it; but after all, this news coming as yet onely by the person abovementioned, we are unwilling to give an entire credit to it, till it comes confirmed, which we hope it will not.

Copenhagen,

men under his command, had a Rencounter with much about the same number of *Imperialists*, of the Garrisons of *Keyserlautern* and *Schoneck*, in which the latter are said to have had the advantage, and that of the *French* there were near 300 killed upon the place. The Imperiall Army does not as yet move out of its Quarters between *Friburg* and *Rhinfeldt*, and though we cannot at present see any likelihood of Action, yet its said, that they will not go into their Winter Quarters till towards the latter end of the next moneth.

Cologne, Octob. 27. We have Letters dated yesterday at *Coblentz*, which advise, that the Duke of *Zell* arrived there the 24, to visit their Elector but parted again in the evening to join his Forces, which had passed the *Rhine* the day before. Our Letters from *Mentz* say, that only 6000 of the *Lunenburg* and *Munster* Troops had passed the *Rhine*, and that the rest being about 4000 more, remained on the other side with the Baggage.

Hague Octob. 30. The 26 instant, his Highness the Prince of *Orange* arrived here from his House at *Sorgvliet*; and the next day, his new *Swiss* Guards, consisting in 50 men, appeared for the first time, very richly clothed in his Highness Livery. Yesterday the Deputies of the States for secret affairs had a Conference with his Highness, and, its said, their Consultations were concerning a Peace, which all sorts of People here seem extremely to wish. Monsieur *Odyke* is preparing for his Journey to *Nimeguen*, from whence they write, that the *English* and *French* Ambassadors had been abroad to view certain Places, which might be agreed on for the setling the Neutrality about that Place. It is said here, that the *Lunenburg* and *Munster* Troops, who have passed the *Rhine*, will go and attack *Deux Ponts*, being assisted by the Imperial Detachment under *Dunewalt*, and some other Troops of the Electors of *Ments* and *Treves*, and that done, that they will go into their Winter Quarters. The Duke of *Lorrain* has not yet passed the *Rhine*, though he still keeps a Bridge over that River near *Rhinfeldt*.

Brussels, Octob. 30. This morning his Excellency my Lord *Berkley* parted hence for *Nimeguen* by the way of *Antwerp*, having been received here, and in all the *Spanish* Territory, with great honours and respects. And this evening the Duke *de Villa Hermosa* is arrived here, all our Troops being now actually in their Winter Quarters, except those designed for *Cambray*, who cannot get farther then *Valenciennes*, because the *French* Troops continue in the Neighbourhood of *Cambray*, with intention to hinder the putting any supply of Provisions or Men into the Place this Winter. This afternoon we had an alarm, that a Body of *French* Horse was come near this Place, upon which his Excellency's Guards that were here, were immediately ordered to march out, to learn a farther account of the Enemy. On *Friday* last, the Bishop of *Osnabrugh* marched with his Forces towards *Guelderland*, where it was said they were to Winter; but that is contradicted again, and now it is reported, that the said Bishop will march on farther towards the *Rhine*. The Duke *de Montalto*, General of the Cavalry, who has been very ill, is now pretty well recovered again From *Ghent* they write, that upon the advice they had, that a *French* Party from *Oudenard* was marching, with design to make another incursion into the Country of *Waes*, greatest part of that Garrison went out, and rencountring with the said *French* Party, had a sharp Dispute with them, which ended to the disadvantage of the *French*, of whom several were killed, and about 30 taken prisoners, who were brought to *Ghent*. It seems onely part of the *Munster* and *Lunenburg* Forces have passed the *Rhine*, and our Letters from *Cologn* and those parts bid us not expect any great matter from them this Campagn, for that they begin to talk of Winter Quarters. The Emperor has certainly declared his Marriage with the Princess of *Newburgh*, and has sent to complement that Princess thereupon; but the last Letters from *Vienna* said, that the Marriage would not be consummated till the 6 of *January*, which is the future Empress her Birth-day.

Paris, Octob. 31. Our last Advices from the Duke of *Luxemburgs* Camp said, That their Infantry was encamped along the *Rhine*, between *Brisac* and *Basle*, and that the Cavalry was quartered in the upper *Alsace*. That the Imperial Army under the command of the Duke of *Lorain* was encamped on the other side of the *Rhine*, between *Friburg* and *Rhinefeldt*: That the Troops of the Circles, which, after the taking of *Philipsburgh*, joyned the Imperial Army, were marched towards *Suabia* and *Franconia*, in order to their going into Winter Quarters, which, its believed, the Imperialists will likewise do very suddenly, expecting onely the return of Count *Mansfelt* from *Vienna* with the Emperors Orders, concerning the partition of the said Quarters. From *Metz* they write, that the Mareschal *de Crequi* was at St. *Avan*, and that his Troops march on the *Sarre* to observe the motion of the Confederate Troops, under the command of the Duke of *Zell*, who is preparing to pass the *Rhine* near *Coblentz*. From *Sicily* we have an account that the Duke *de Vivonne* had taken a small Place called *Melidi*, and after pillaging it, had quitted it again; and that he intended to attack *Leontine* and *Carlentine*, in order to the straining of *Siracusa*. Mareschal *Scomberg* has left the Army in *Flanders*, and is days expected at Court. The 17 inst. the Sieur *Guillerot*, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Sweden*, had his Audience of leave of their Majesties in order to his return home. The King, we hear, has given the Government of *Brisac* to Monsieur *Fay*, late Governour of *Philipsburg*, and the Sieur *le Roy*, who is at present there, is to go and command at *Metz*. The Feast of St. *Huberts* will not be celebrated at *Villers Cotrets*, as was intended, for that the Small Pox is very common there, but will be kept at *Versailles*. The *Switzers* are absolutely resolved to oppose the *Imperialists* with force, in case they attempt to pass the *Rhine* within their Territories.

Advertisements.

STolen from Mr *Richard Keale* of *Dalderby* near *Horncastle* in *Lincolnshire*, the 19 instant, A dapple gray Gelding 15 hands, seven years old, bob-tail'd, lately clipt about his forehead and ears, shod round, all his paces. Whoever gives notice of the said Gelding to Mr *Keale* aforesaid, or to *Thomas Thornton* Butcher at *Smithfield-bars*, *London*, shall have 40 s. Reward.

STrayed or stolen out of a Ground on Sunday the 15 instant, from Mr *John Fervis* of *Stook Albany* in the County of *Northampton*, a black Nag with a snip on his nose, some white hairs in his forehead, a shorn mane, a cut tail, six years old, about 13 hands, all his paces. Whoever gives notice of the said Nag to Mr *Fervis* aforesaid, or to Mr *John Terry* in *Durham-yard*, *London*, shall be well rewarded.

THe 23 instant, one *Simon Edden*, who pretended to live in *London*, hired a Horse from *Stratford* upon *Avon*, hei-red hair'd curl'd, pretty tall, freckles in his face, and goes about the Countrey to buy hair; the Horse is a sorrel Gueilding, seven years old, sprig tail'd. Whoever gives notice either of the Man or Horse to Mr *Rowland Woodyar* at the *Queens-head* without *Temple-bar*, or to *John Woolmer* in *Stratford*, shall be very well rewarded.

STrayed or stollen, *Octob.* 22 instant, out of the Grounds of Mr. *James Ashton* of *Preston* in *Lancashire*, one Pacing Bay Gelding, about 14 Hands, with a white spot on the near side of the neck. Who ever shall give notice of him to Mr. *Henry Sharplaces*, at the *St. Johns Head* in *Holborn*, or to the Post-Master of *Preston* aforesaid, shall have fifty shillings.

LOst out of *Ax-yard* the 24 instant, a small Spaniel Bitch, Liver-coloured, and white long Ears, and four spots of Liver-colour down the back, who ever brings her to Mr. *Man*, at the Royal Coffee-house, shall have 20 shillings reward.

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